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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/004,862	12/07/2001	Jacques Chevallet	B-0772-US	9679
466 7	7590 03/19/2004		EXAMINER	
YOUNG & THOMPSON			NASSER, ROBERT L	
745 SOUTH 23RD STREET 2ND FLOOR				
ARLINGTON,	, VA 22202		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3736	9
			DATE MAILED: 03/19/2004	. 1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		<b></b>				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/004,862	CHEVALLET ET AL				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
TI MAN INO DATE of this are represented as a second	Robert L. Nasser	3736				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>1/6/2</u>	<u>004</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>14-17</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.	·				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Date					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date  U.S. Patent and Trademark Office	O) [					

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The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claim 1 now recites that pressure is measured only by contact of the pressure sensor with the external face of the membrane. However, applicant has sensitive member 52 between the load sensor and the external face. The specification makes clear that the load sensor and the sensitive member are separate elements (see column 7, lines 27-29). Hence, the specification fails to provide an adequate written description of these claims, and since the limitation was introduced via amendment, it constitutes new matter.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

<sup>(</sup>e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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Claims 1-4, 6-8, 12, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Dolecek et al. Dolecek et al shows a system for measuring pressure of blood flowing in a pipe, including a flow channel sealed off by a membrane 130, and a pressure transmitting member 114, 240, 220, which attaches to a member on the diaphragm so that the pressure transmission member is in direct contact with the diaphragm. The examiner notes that in figures 7 and 8, when the system is assembled, the a servo motor or other driving means moves the sensor into contact with the member extending of off the membrane 130. This causes an initial bias on the diaphragm and enables the diaphragm to be able to sense positive and negative pressures. In addition, this happens before the device is in use, so there is no pressure bias across the diaphragm. Dolecek has the remaining claim features, including a linear actuator, 400.

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dolecek et al. The examiner takes official notice that a stepper motor is a well-known motor for the purposes described in Dolecek et al.

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Claims 1-11 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 1-8 define over the art of record in that none of the art shows the load sensor in direct contact with the external face of the membrane, as claimed, as the sensor of Dolocek communicates with the diaphragm through elements 114, 220, or 240. However, upon resolution of the new mater rejection, the art rejection will be revisited.

Claims 14-17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 9 and 14 define over the art in that none of the art teaches pretensioning the diaphragm to work in a linear region of the axial displacement means. Claims 10, 11, and 15-17 define over the art of record in that none of the art analyzes the response of the diaphragm to a varying tensioning force.

Applicant's arguments filed 1/6/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant has asserted that the servo motor of Dolocek does not put a pretensioning force on the diaphragm, as after the sensor is coupled to the diaphragm, it is moved away from the wall to a neutral position. The examiner disagrees with applicant's argument for two reasons. First, the claim does not specify when the pretensioning force is applied. When the sensor is first coupled to the diaphragm,

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therefore, the diaphragm is displaced towards wall 254. Hence there is an initial pretensioning force. In addition, the sensor is in contact with the diaphragm, in all three embodiments. As such, there is at least some force applied by the sensor to the diaphragm. Hence, the rejection stands.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert L. Nasser whose telephone number is (703) 308-3251. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, variable hours.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Max Hindenburg can be reached on (703) 308-3130. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Robert L. Nasser Primary Examiner Art Unit 3736

Rebuts nass V:

RLN March 16, 2004.

> ROBERT L. NASSER PRIMARY EXAMINER